

UNC CFAR Social and Behavioral Science Research Core SABI Database

INSTRUMENT TITLE: Adherence to ART Questionnaire

SOURCE ARTICLE: Boullé, C., Kouanfack, C., Laborde-Balen, G., Boyer, S., Aghokeng, A. F., Carrieri, M. P., ... & Peytavin, G. (2015). Gender differences in adherence and response to antiretroviral treatment in the stratall trial in rural district hospitals in Cameroon. JAIDS Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes, 69(3), 355-364.

POPULATION: Women, men, HIV-positive,

RESPONSE OPTIONS: Not reported.

SCORING: Scored as High Adherence (100%), Moderate Adherence (80-90%), Low Adherence (<80%), and Treatment Interruption (see comments section for detail)

SURVEY ITEMS: Not reported.

RELIABILITY INFORMATION: No reliability information reported.

VALIDITY INFORMATION: Criterion-related validity was assessed via comparison with viral load and antiretroviral plasma concentrations.

TERMS OF USE:

Individuals may use this information for research or educational purposes <u>only</u> and may not use this information for commercial purposes. When using this instrument, please cite:

Boullé, C., Kouanfack, C., Laborde-Balen, G., Boyer, S., Aghokeng, A. F., Carrieri, M. P., ... & Peytavin, G. (2015). Gender differences in adherence and response to antiretroviral treatment in the stratall trial in rural district hospitals in Cameroon. JAIDS Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes, 69(3), 355-364.

When presenting results using any survey information you obtained from the SABI, please acknowledge the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Center for AIDS Research (CFAR), an NIH funded program P30 AI50410.