

UNC CFAR Social and Behavioral Science Research Core SABI Database

INSTRUMENT TITLE: CPCRA: Community Programs for Clinical Research on AIDS

SOURCE ARTICLE: Berg, K. M., Wilson, I. B., Li, X., & Arnsten, J. H. (2012). Comparison of antiretroviral adherence questions. AIDS and Behavior, 16(2), 461-468.

POPULATION: Women, men, HIV-positive, African American, Latino, Attend methadone clinic

RESPONSE OPTIONS: All my pills every day, most of my pills, about one-half of my pills, very few of my pills, none of my pills

SCORING: Highest response option considered 100% adherence

SURVEY ITEMS: Same question asked for each antiretroviral medication: "Thinking about the past 7 days, how many [medication name] pills did you take?"

RELIABILITY INFORMATION: No reliability information was reported.

VALIDITY INFORMATION: Convergent validity was assessed via comparison to frequency measure, percent measure, rating measure, and VAS. Criterion-related validity was assessed via comparison to viral load.

TERMS OF USE:

Individuals may use this information for research or educational purposes <u>only</u> and may not use this information for commercial purposes. When using this instrument, please cite:

Berg, K. M., Wilson, I. B., Li, X., & Arnsten, J. H. (2012). Comparison of antiretroviral adherence questions. AIDS and Behavior, 16(2), 461-468.

When presenting results using any survey information you obtained from the SABI, please acknowledge the University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill Center for AIDS Research (CFAR), an NIH funded program P30 AI50410.